

SCES293C-OCTOBER 1999-REVISED JUNE 2005

FEATURES

- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus+™
 Family
- TI-OPC[™] Circuitry Limits Ringing on Unevenly Loaded Backplanes
- OEC[™] Circuitry Improves Signal Integrity and Reduces Electromagnetic Interference
- Bidirectional Interface Between GTLP Signal Levels and LVTTL Logic Levels
- LVTTL Interfaces Are 5-V Tolerant
- Medium-Drive GTLP Outputs (50 mA)

- LVTTL Outputs (-24 mA/24 mA)
- GTLP Rise and Fall Times Designed for Optimal Data-Transfer Rate and Signal Integrity in Distributed Loads
- I_{off}, Power-Up 3-State, and BIAS V_{CC} Support Live Insertion
- Bus Hold on A-Port Data Inputs
- Distributed V_{CC} and GND Pins Minimize High-Speed Switching Noise
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II

DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The SN74GTLPH32945 is a medium-drive, 32-bit bus transceiver that provides LVTTL-to-GTLP and GTLP-to-LVTTL signal-level translation. It is partitioned as four 8-bit transceivers. The device provides a high-speed interface between cards operating at LVTTL logic levels and a backplane operating at GTLP signal levels. High-speed (about three times faster than standard TTL or LVTTL) backplane operation is a direct result of GTLP's reduced output swing (<1 V), reduced input threshold levels, improved differential input, OEC circuitry, and TI-OPC circuitry. Improved GTLP OEC and TI-OPC circuits minimize bus-settling time and have been designed and tested using several backplane models. The medium drive allows incident-wave switching in heavily loaded backplanes with equivalent load impedance down to 19 Ω .

GTLP is the Texas Instruments derivative of the Gunning Transceiver Logic (GTL) JEDEC standard JESD 8-3. The ac specification of the SN74GTLPH32945 is given only at the preferred higher noise margin GTLP, but the user has the flexibility of using this device at either GTL ($V_{TT} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ and $V_{REF} = 0.8 \text{ V}$) or GTLP ($V_{TT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ and $V_{REF} = 1 \text{ V}$) signal levels.

Normally, the B port operates at GTLP signal levels. The A-port and control inputs operate at LVTTL logic levels, but are 5-V tolerant and are compatible with TTL and 5-V CMOS inputs. V_{REF} is the B-port differential input reference voltage.

This device is fully specified for live-insertion applications using I_{off} , power-up 3-state, and BIAS V_{CC} . The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict. The BIAS V_{CC} circuitry precharges and preconditions the B-port input/output connections, preventing disturbance of active data on the backplane during card insertion or removal, and permits true live-insertion capability.

This GTLP device features TI-OPC circuitry, which actively limits overshoot caused by improperly terminated backplanes, unevenly distributed cards, or empty slots during low-to-high signal transitions. This improves signal integrity, which allows adequate noise margin to be maintained at higher frequencies.

Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven LVTTL data inputs at a valid logic state. Use of pullup or pulldown resistors with the bus-hold circuitry is not recommended.

ORDERING INFORMATION

T _A	PACK	AGE ⁽¹⁾	ORDERABLE PART NUMMER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
–40°C to 85°C	LFBGA – GKE	Tape and reel	SN74GTLPH32945KR	GM45

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



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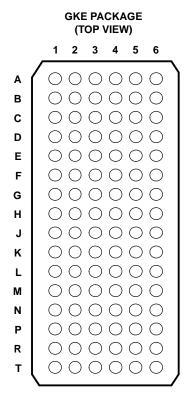
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DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 1.5 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V, the output-enable (\overline{OE}) input should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.



TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	1A2	1A1	1DIR	1 OE	1B1	1B2
В	1A4	1A3	GND	GND	1B3	1B4
С	1A6	1A5	1V _{CC}	1BIAS V _{CC}	1B5	1B6
D	1A8	1A7	GND	GND	1B7	1B8
E	2A2	2A1	GND	GND	2B1	2B2
F	2A4	2A3	1V _{CC}	1V _{REF}	2B3	2B4
G	2A6	2A5	GND	GND	2B5	2B6
Н	2A7	2A8	2DIR	2 OE	2B8	2B7
J	3A2	3A1	3DIR	3 OE	3B1	3B2
K	3A4	3A3	GND	GND	3B3	3B4
L	3A6	3A5	2V _{CC}	2BIAS V _{CC}	3B5	3B6
М	3A8	3A7	GND	GND	3B7	3B8
N	4A2	4A1	GND	GND	4B1	4B2
Р	4A4	4A3	2V _{CC}	2V _{REF}	4B3	4B4
R	4A6	4A5	GND	GND	4B5	4B6
Т	4A7	4A8	4DIR	4 0E	4B8	4B7



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The SN74GTLPH32945 is a medium-drive (50-mA), 32-bit bus transceiver partitioned as four 8-bit segments and is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A port to the B port or from the B port to the A port, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. $\overline{\text{OE}}$ can be used to disable the device so the buses are effectively isolated. Data polarity is noninverting.

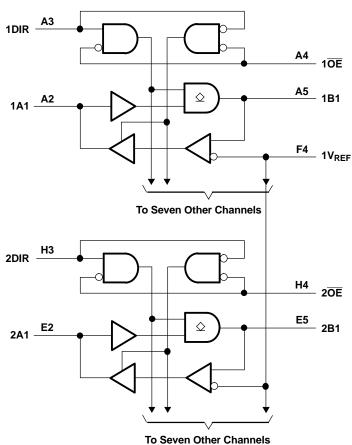
For A-to-B data flow, when \overline{OE} is low and DIR is high, the B outputs take on the logic value of the A inputs. When \overline{OE} is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

The data flow for B to A is similar to that of A to B, except \overline{OE} and DIR are low.

FUNCTION TABLE

INP	UTS	OUTPUT	MODE
ŌĒ	DIR	OUIPUI	MODE
Н	Х	Z	Isolation
L	L	B data to A port	True transparent
L	Н	A data to B port	True transparent

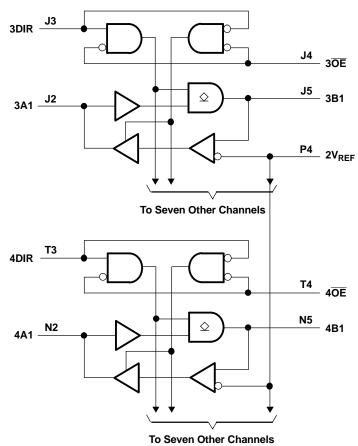
LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)



(1) 1V_{CC} and 1BIAS V_{CC} are associated with these channels.



LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC) (CONTINUED)(1)



(1) $2V_{CC}$ and 2BIAS V_{CC} are associated with these channels.



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Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC} BIAS V _{CC}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	4.6	V
M	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾	A-port and control inputs	-0.5	7	V
VI	input voltage range (=)	B port and V _{REF}	-0.5	4.6	V
M	Voltage range applied to any output in the	A port	-0.5	7	V
Vo	high-impedance or power-off state (2)	B port	-0.5	4.6	V
	Compart into any output in the law state	A port		48	A
Io	Current into any output in the low state	B port		100	mA
Io	Current into any A-port output in the high state	(3)		48	mA
	Continuous current through each V _{CC} or GND			±100	mA
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V ₁ < 0		-50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		-50	mA
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance ⁽⁴⁾			40	°C/W
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

This current flows only when the output is in the high state and $V_{\rm O} > V_{\rm CC}$. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

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Recommended Operating Conditions (1)(2)(3)(4)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC} , BIAS V _{CC}	Supply voltage		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
V	Termination valtage	GTL	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{TT}	Termination voltage	GTLP	1.35	1.5	1.65	V
V	Defenses voltages	GTL	0.74	0.8	0.87	V
V_{REF}	Reference voltage	GTLP	0.87	1	1.1	V
V	lancit coltana	B port			V _{TT}	
V _I	Input voltage	Except B port		V _{CC}	5.5	V
M	High-level input voltage	B port	V _{REF} + 0.05			V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	Except B port	2			V
V	Lave lavel inner treatment	B port			V _{REF} - 0.05	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Except B port			0.8	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current				-18	mA
I _{OH}	High-level output current	A port			-24	mA
	I am land antonia amant	A port			24	A
I _{OL} L	Low-level output current	B port			50	mA
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled			10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV _{CC}	Power-up ramp rate	<u>, </u>	20			μs/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40		85	°C

⁽¹⁾ All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

(3) V_{TT} and R_{TT} can be adjusted to accommodate backplane impedances if the dc recommended I_{OL} ratings are not exceeded.

⁽²⁾ Proper connection sequence for use of the B-port I/O precharge feature is GND and BIAS V_{CC} = 3.3 V first, I/O second, and V_{CC} = 3.3 V last, because the BIAS V_{CC} precharge circuitry is disabled when any V_{CC} pin is connected. The control and V_{REF} inputs can be connected anytime, but normally are connected during the I/O stage. If B-port precharge is not required, any connection sequence is acceptable but, generally, GND is connected first.

⁽⁴⁾ V_{REF} can be adjusted to optimize noise margins, but normally is two-thirds V_{TT}. TI-OPC circuitry is enabled in the A-to-B direction and is activated when V_{TT} > 0.7 V above V_{REF}. If operated in the A-to-B direction, V_{REF} should be set to within 0.6 V of V_{TT} to minimize current drain.



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Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range for GTLP (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN T	YP ⁽¹⁾ MAX	UNIT
V _{IK}		V _{CC} = 3.15 V,	$I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$		-1.2	V
		V _{CC} = 3.15 V to 3.45 V,		V _{CC} - 0.2		
V_{OH}	A port	V 245 V	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.4		V
		V _{CC} = 3.15 V	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	2		
		V _{CC} = 3.15 V to 3.45 V,	I _{OL} = 100 μA		0.2	
	A port	V 245 V	$I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$		0.4	
		V _{CC} = 3.15 V	I _{OL} = 24 mA		0.5	
V_{OL}		V _{CC} = 3.15 V to 3.45 V,	I _{OL} = 100 μA		0.2	V
	Poort		I _{OL} = 10 mA		0.2	
	B port	V _{CC} = 3.15 V	$I_{OL} = 40 \text{ mA}$		0.4	
			$I_{OL} = 50 \text{ mA}$			
I	Control inputs	V _{CC} = 3.45 V,	V _I = 0 or 5.5 V		±10	μΑ
1 (2)	A port	V - 2.45 V	$V_O = V_{CC}$		10	
I _{OZH} ⁽²⁾	B port	V _{CC} = 3.45 V	V _O = 1.5 V		10	μΑ
I _{OZL} ⁽²⁾	A and B ports	$V_{CC} = 3.45 \text{ V},$	$V_O = GND$		-10	μΑ
I _{BHL} ⁽³⁾	A port	$V_{CC} = 3.15 V,$	$V_{I} = 0.8 V$	75		μΑ
I _{BHH} ⁽⁴⁾	A port	$V_{CC} = 3.15 \text{ V},$	$V_I = 2 V$	-75		μΑ
I _{BHLO} ⁽⁵⁾	A port	$V_{CC} = 3.45 \text{ V},$	$V_I = 0$ to V_{CC}	500		μΑ
I _{BHHO} ⁽⁶⁾	A port	$V_{CC} = 3.45 \text{ V},$	$V_I = 0$ to V_{CC}	-500		μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 3.45 \text{ V}, I_{O} = 0,$	Outputs high		100	
I_{CC}	A or B port	V_{I} (A-port or control inputs) = V_{CC} or GND,	Outputs low		100	mA
		V_{I} (B port) = V_{TT} or GND	Outputs disabled		100	
ΔI _{CC} ⁽⁷⁾	$V_{CC} = 3.45 \text{ V}$, One A-port or control input at Other A-port or control inputs at V_{CC} or GND				1	mA
C _i	Control inputs	V _I = 3.15 V or 0			4.5 5	pF
C	A port	V _O = 3.15 V or 0			7.5 9	nE
C_{io}	B port	V _O = 1.5 V or 0			7.5 9	pF

- All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. For I/O ports, the parameters I_{OZH} and I_{OZL} include the input leakage current. The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V_{IL} max. I_{BHL} should be measured after lowering V_{IN} to GND and then raising it to V_{IL} max.
- The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V_{IH}min. I_{BHH} should be measured after raising V_{IN} to V_{CC} and then lowering it to $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IH}}\mbox{min}.$
- An external driver must source at least $I_{\mbox{\footnotesize{BHLO}}}$ to switch this node from low to high.
- An external driver must sink at least I_{BHHO} to switch this node from high to low.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level, rather than V_{CC} or GND.

Hot-Insertion Specifications for A Port

over recommended operating free-air temperature range

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS				
I _{off}	$V_{CC} = 0$,	BIAS $V_{CC} = 0$,	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 5.5 V		10	μΑ
l _{OZPU}	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V},$	$V_0 = 0.5 \text{ V to 3 V},$	OE = 0		±30	μΑ
I _{OZPD}	$V_{CC} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 0,$	$V_0 = 0.5 \text{ V to 3 V},$	OE = 0		±30	μΑ





Live-Insertion Specifications for B Port

over recommended operating free-air temperature range

PARAMETER		MIN	MAX	UNIT		
l _{off}	$V_{CC} = 0$,	BIAS $V_{CC} = 0$,	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 1.5 V		10	μΑ
I _{OZPU}	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V},$	BIAS $V_{CC} = 0$,	$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V to } 1.5 \text{ V}, \overline{OE} = 0$		±30	μΑ
I _{OZPD}	$V_{CC} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 0,$	BIAS $V_{CC} = 0$,	$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V to } 1.5 \text{ V}, \overline{OE} = 0$		±30	μΑ
I (DIACA)	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 3.15 \text{ V}$	BIAS V _{CC} = 3.15 V to 3.45 V,	V_{O} (B port) = 0 to 1.5 V		5	mA
I _{CC} (BIAS V _{CC})	$V_{CC} = 3.15 \text{ V to } 3.45 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 3.13 \text{ V to } 3.43 \text{ V},$	V _O (В роп) = 0 to 1.5 V		10	μΑ
Vo	$V_{CC} = 0$,	BIAS $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$,	I _O = 0	0.95	1.05	V
Io	$V_{CC} = 0$,	BIAS $V_{CC} = 3.15 \text{ V to } 3.45 \text{ V},$	V _O (B port) = 0.6 V	-1		μΑ

Switching Characteristics

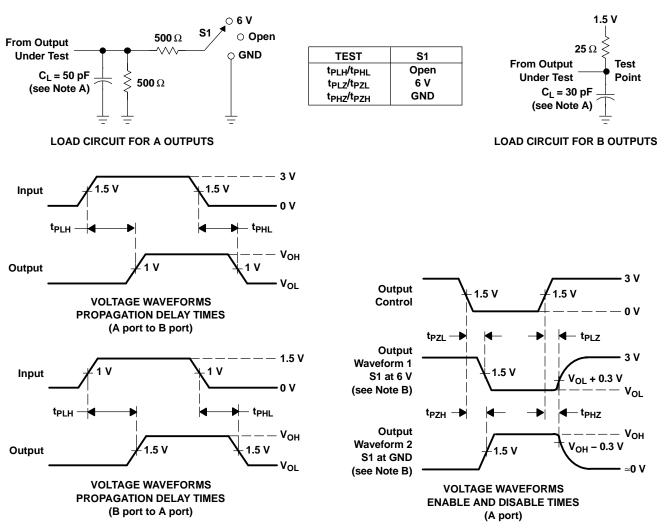
over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $\rm V_{TT}$ = 1.5 V and $\rm V_{REF}$ = 1 V for GTLP (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{PLH}	٨	В	2.1		6.3	20
t _{PHL}	Α	Б	2.1		6.3	ns
t _{en}	ŌĒ	В	2		6.9	20
t _{dis}	OE	Б	2		6.9	ns
t _r	Rise time, B outp	uts (20% to 80%)		2.5		ns
t _f	Fall time, B outp	uts (80% to 20%)		2.1		ns
t _{PLH}	В	٨	2.1		5.3	20
t _{PHL}	D	A	2.1		5.3	ns
t _{en}	ŌĒ	٨	0.3		5.7	20
t _{dis}	OE .	A	0.3		5.7	ns

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \approx 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r \approx 2$ ns, $t_f \approx 2$ ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuits and Voltage Waveforms



Distributed-Load Backplane Switching Characteristics

The preceding switching characteristics table shows the switching characteristics of the device into a lumped load (Figure 1). However, the designer's backplane application probably is a distributed load. The physical representation is shown in Figure 2. This backplane, or distributed load, can be approximated closely to a resistor inductance capacitance (RLC) circuit, as shown in Figure 3. This device has been designed for optimum performance in this RLC circuit. The following switching characteristics table shows the switching characteristics of the device into the RLC load, to help the designer better understand the performance of the GTLP device in this typical backplane. See www.ti.com/sc/gtlp for more information.

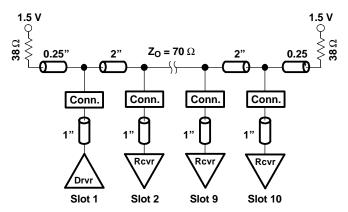


Figure 2. Medium-Drive Test Backplane

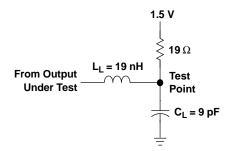


Figure 3. Medium-Drive RLC Network



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Switching Characteristics

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, V_{TT} = 1.5 V and V_{REF} = 1 V for GTLP (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TYP ⁽¹⁾	UNIT		
t _{PLH}	^	В	4.3	nc		
t _{PHL}	A	Б	4.3	ns		
t _{en}	ŌĒ	В	5	ns		
t _{dis}	OL.	Б	4.4	115		
t _r	Rise time, B outp	1	ns			
t _f	Fall time, B outp	Fall time, B outputs (80% to 20%)				

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C. All values are derived from TI-SPICE models.





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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
SN74GTLPH32945KR	NRND	LFBGA	GKE	96	1000	TBD	SNPB	Level-2-235C-1 YEAR
SN74GTLPH32945ZKER	ACTIVE	LFBGA	ZKE	96	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-3-260C-168 HR

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

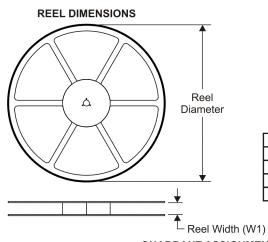
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



TAPE DIMENSIONS + K0 - P1 - B0 W Cavity - A0 -

A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74GTLPH32945KR	LFBGA	GKE	96	1000	330.0	24.4	5.7	13.7	2.0	8.0	24.0	Q1
SN74GTLPH32945ZKER	LFBGA	ZKE	96	1000	330.0	24.4	5.7	13.7	2.0	8.0	24.0	Q1



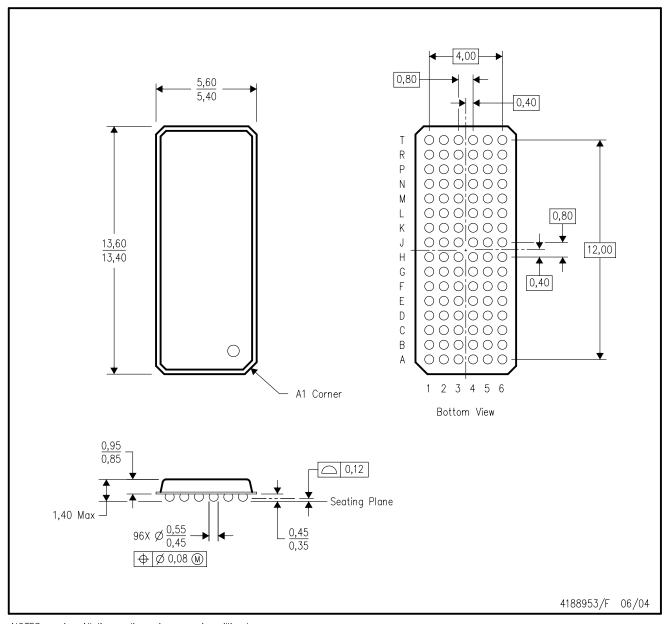


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74GTLPH32945KR	LFBGA	GKE	96	1000	346.0	346.0	41.0
SN74GTLPH32945ZKER	LFBGA	ZKE	96	1000	346.0	346.0	41.0

GKE (R-PBGA-N96)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



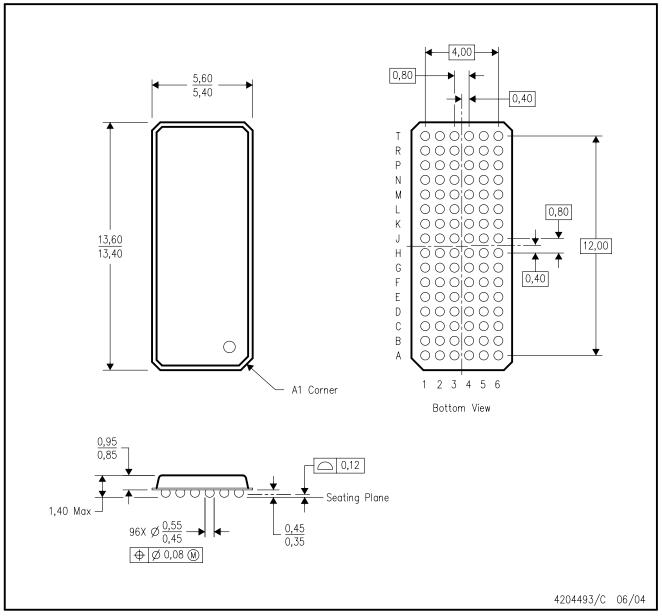
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MO-205 variation CC.
- D. This package is tin-lead (SnPb). Refer to the 96 ZKE package (drawing 4204493) for lead-free.



ZKE (R-PBGA-N96)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MO-205 variation CC.
- D. This package is lead-free. Refer to the 96 GKE package (drawing 4188953) for tin-lead (SnPb).



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